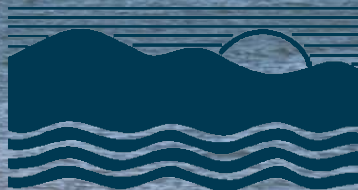


# Chesapeake Bay at the Forefront of Addressing Climate Change

**Donald Friedrich Boesch**



University of Maryland

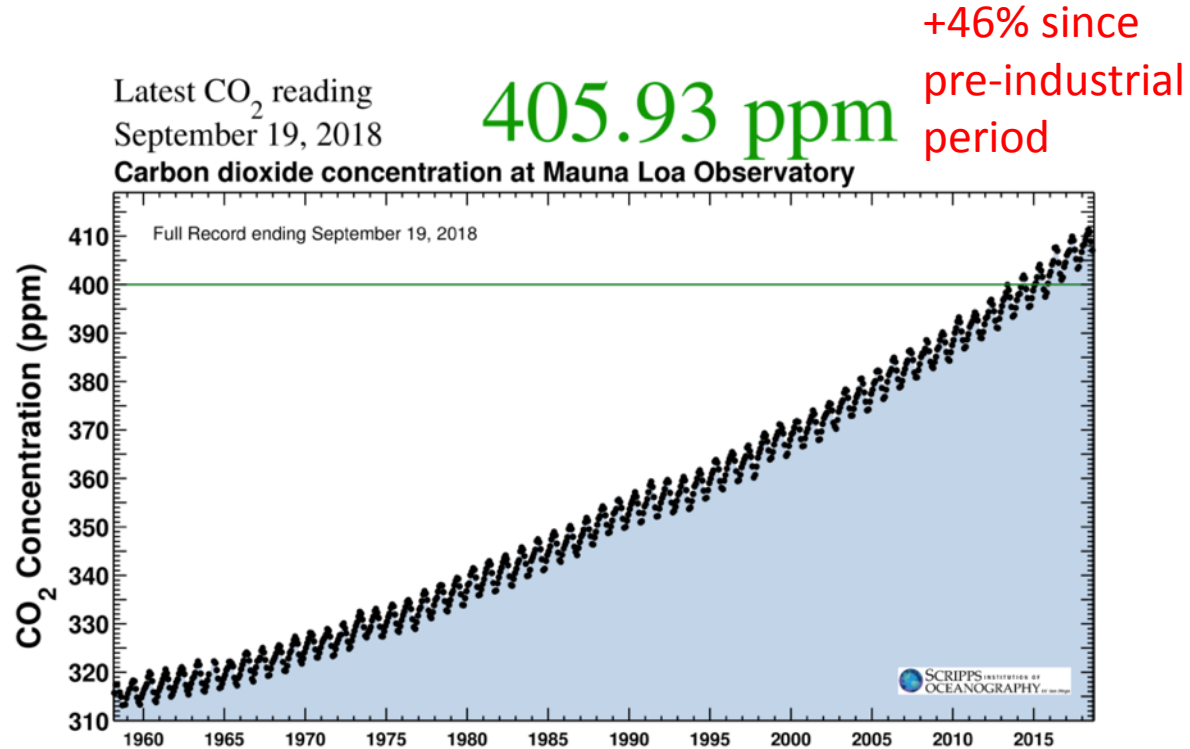
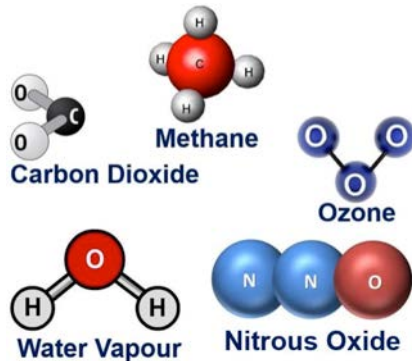
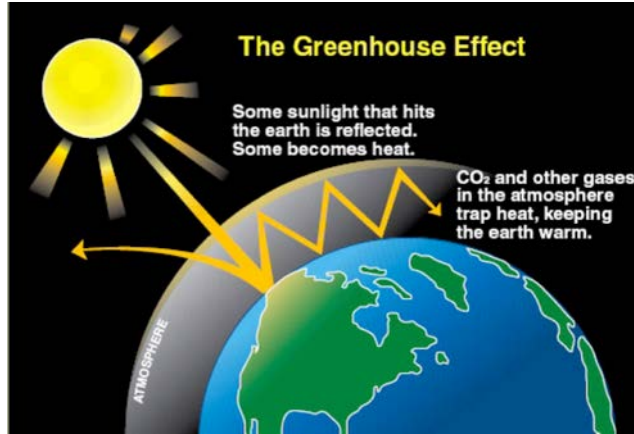
CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

**Chesapeake Biological Laboratory  
Science for Citizens Seminar  
September 25, 2018**

# Chesapeake Biological Lab: A Special Place



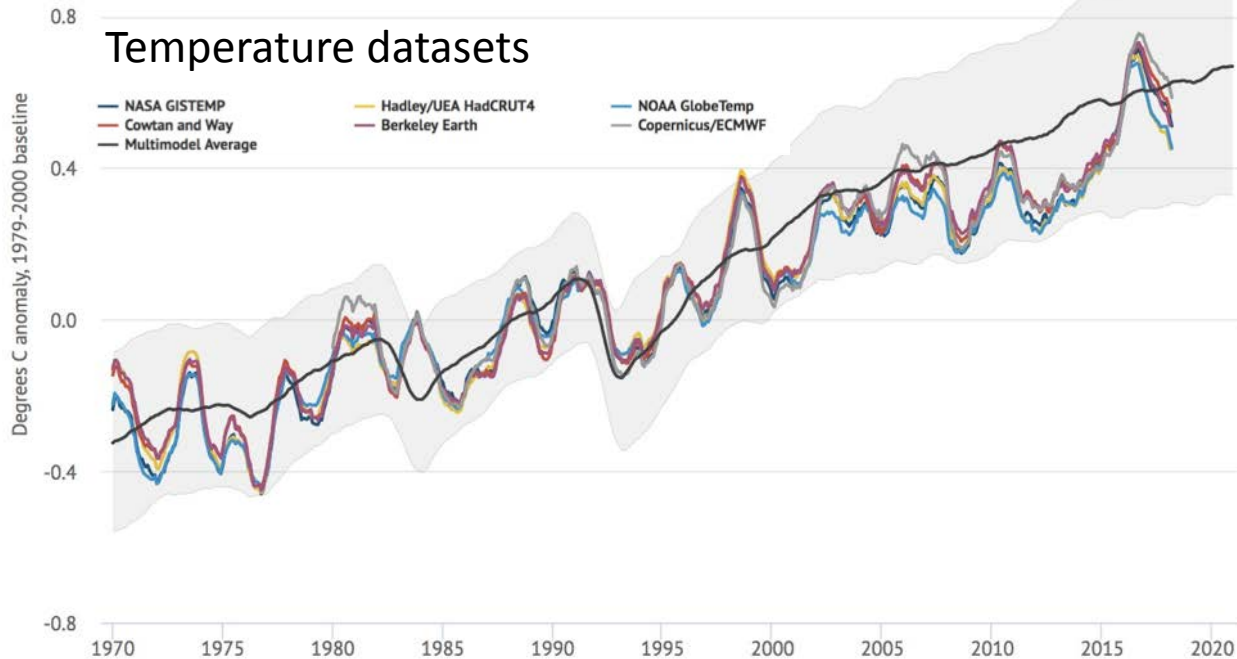
# Greenhouse Gas Concentrations Increasing



The Keeling Curve, Scripps Institution of Oceanography

# Global Temperature Rising

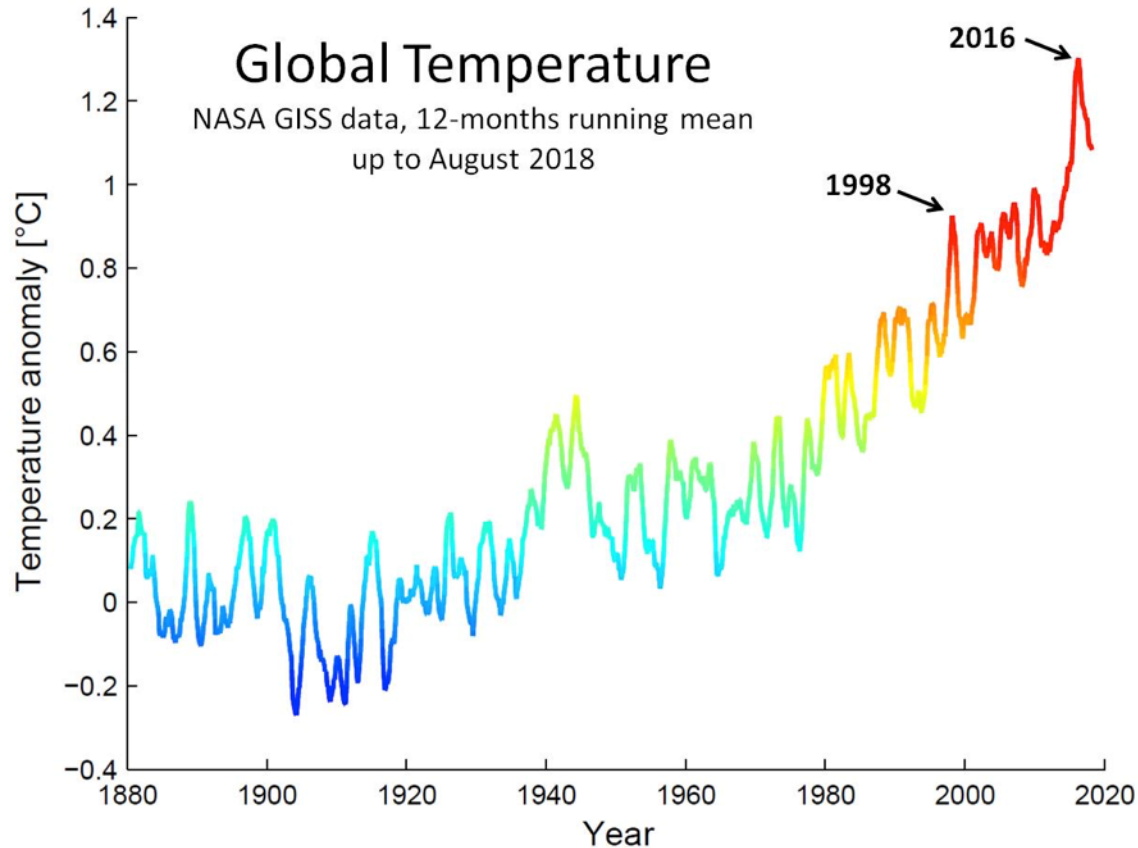
Climate models range & mean



- Over 0.8°C (1.4°F) warming since 1970
- Varies with climate cycles such as El Niño-Southern Oscillation
- 2016 was warmest year on record, 2017 second warmest
- 2018 likely to be fourth warmest even though includes cooler La Niña phase

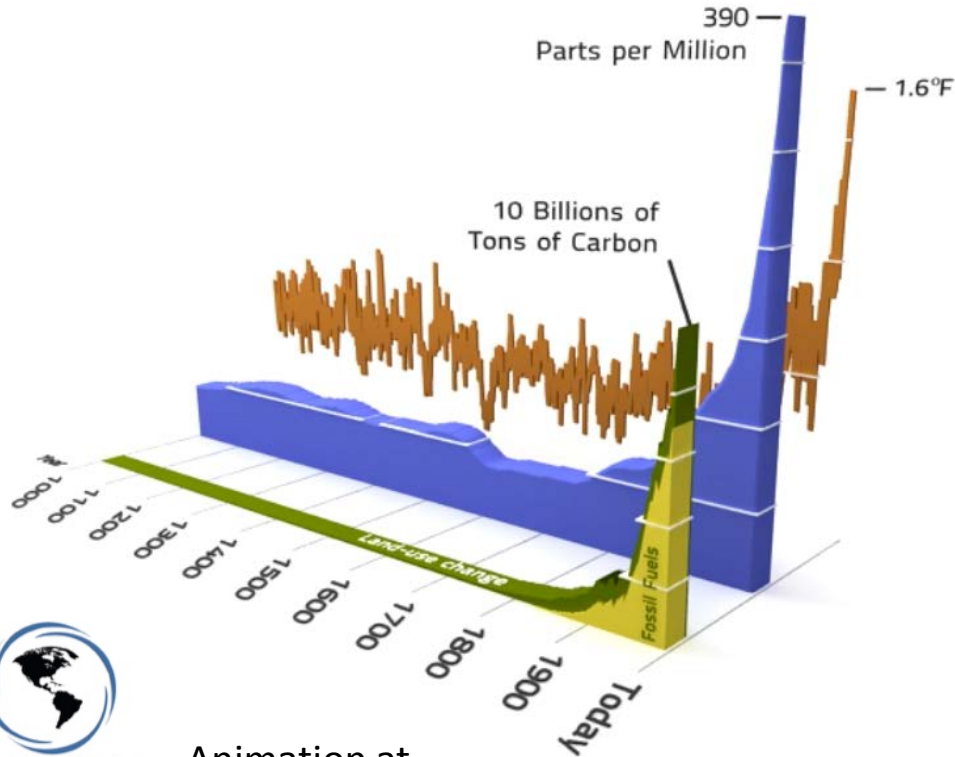


# Even Over Longer Periods



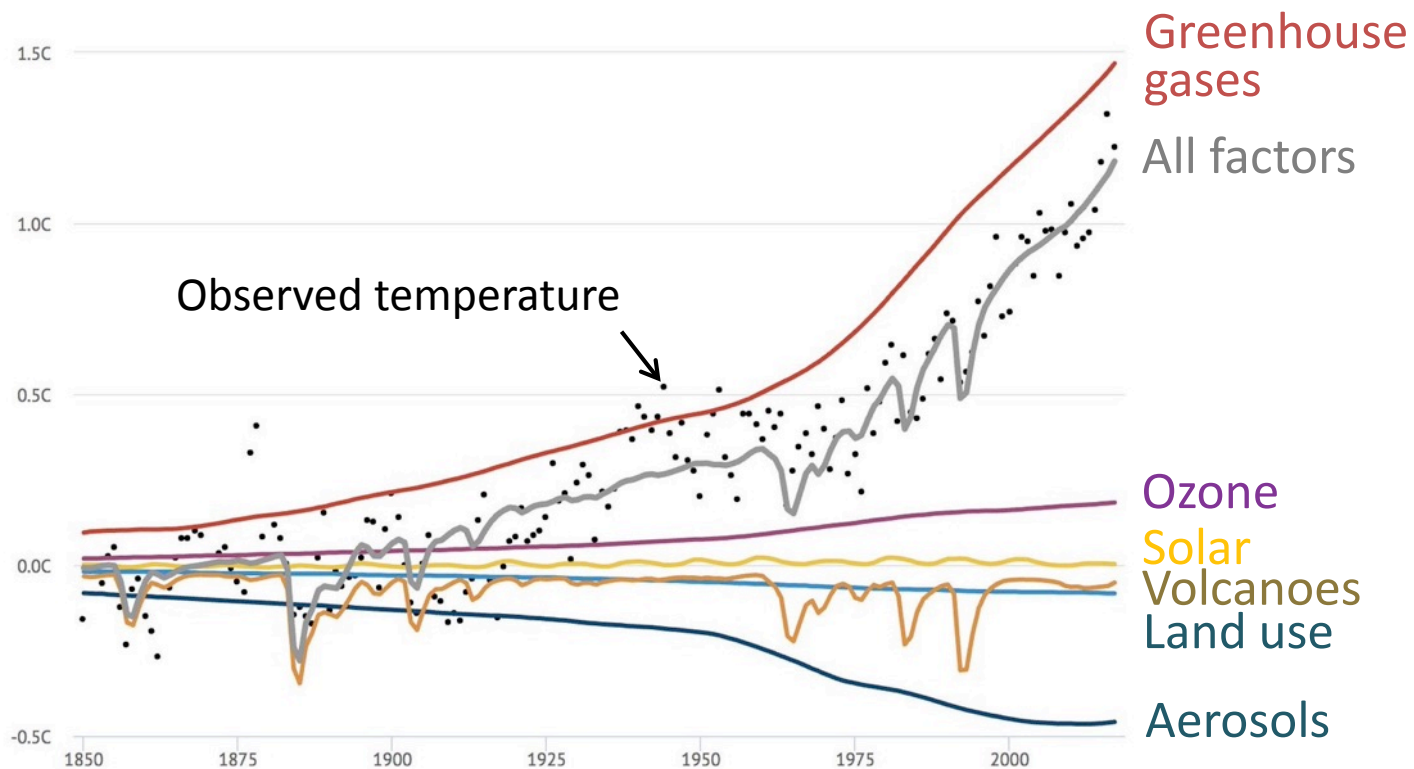
- About 1.4°C (2.5°F) warming since 19<sup>th</sup> Century
- No lasting decline or pause after 1998
- Varies major volcano eruptions as well as with climate cycles

# Putting It Together Over the Millennium



- Emissions resulting from human land development began to affect temperature ~200 years ago
- Fossil fuel emissions and more rapid land development dramatically affected CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations from late 19<sup>th</sup> century
- Emissions and temperature skyrocketed in the late 20<sup>th</sup> century

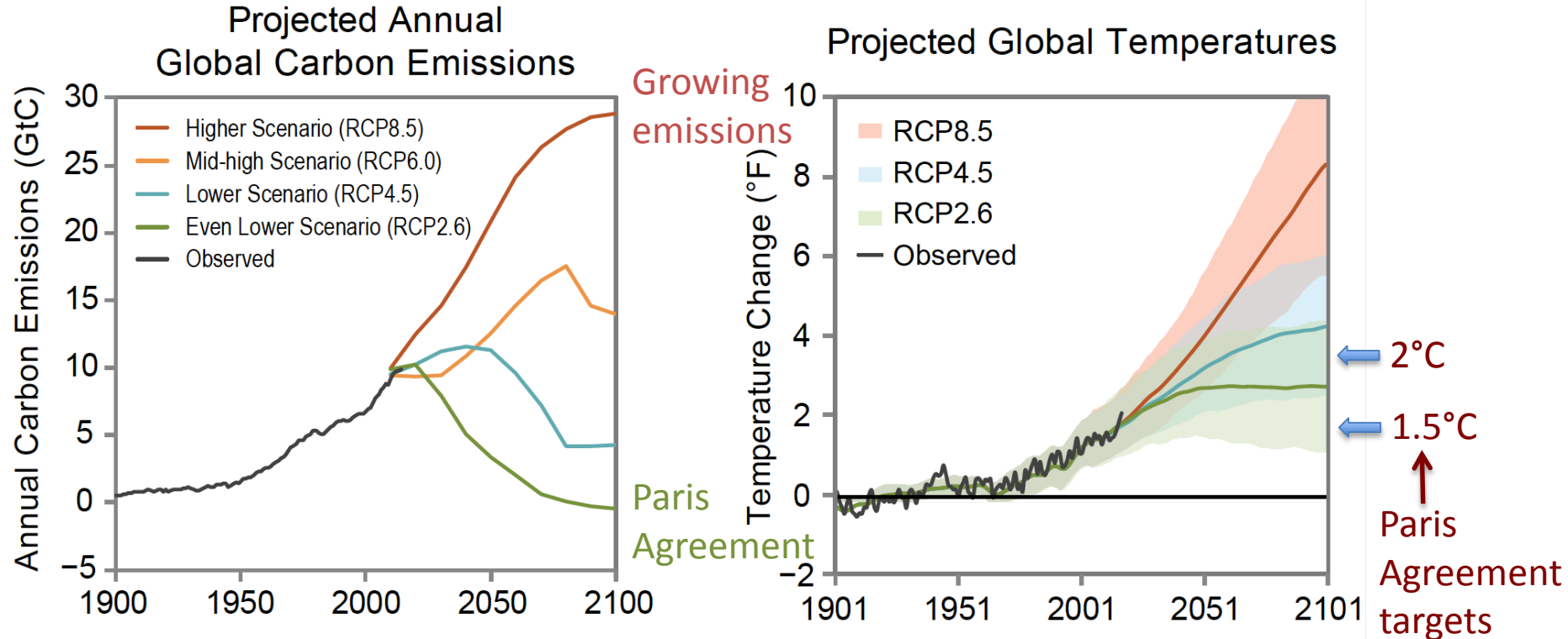
# Warming Is Due to Greenhouse Gases



Animation at

[www.carbonbrief.org/analysis-why-scientists-think-100-of-global-warming-is-due-to-humans](http://www.carbonbrief.org/analysis-why-scientists-think-100-of-global-warming-is-due-to-humans)

# Limiting Global Warming





# Crunch Time on Paris Agreement

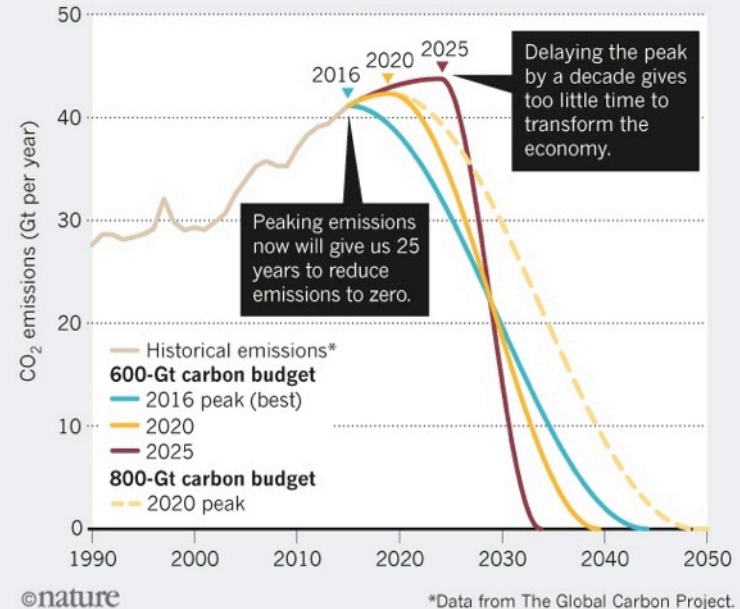


... strengthen the global response to the threat of climate change by keeping a global temperature rise this century **well below 2 degrees Celsius** above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase **even further to 1.5 degrees Celsius**.

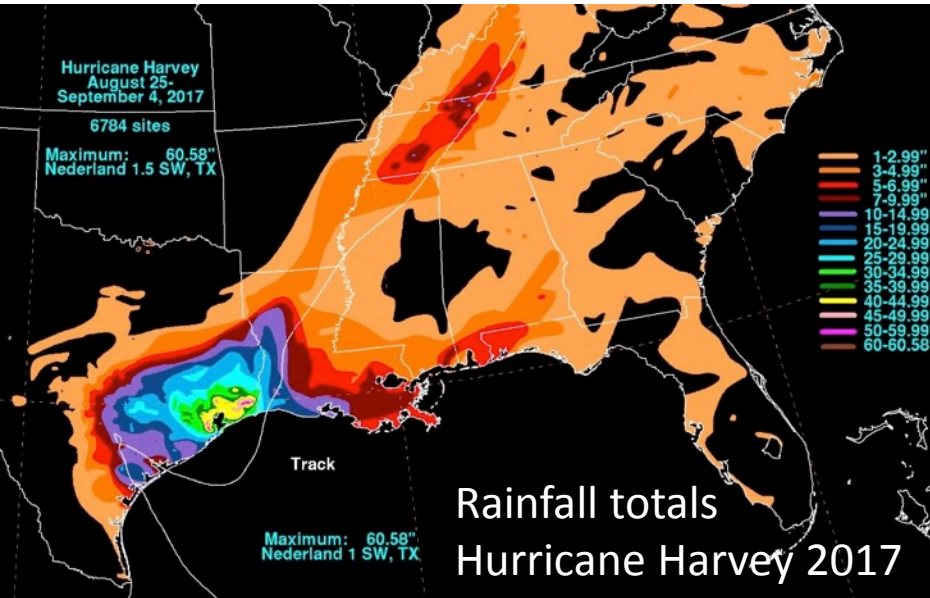
**U.S. Intended Nationally Determined Contribution:** reduce its greenhouse gas emissions by 26-28 per cent below its 2005 level in 2025 and to make best efforts to reduce its emissions by 28%.

## CARBON CRUNCH

There is a mean budget of around 600 gigatonnes (Gt) of carbon dioxide left to emit before the planet warms dangerously, by more than 1.5–2°C. Stretching the budget to 800 Gt buys another 10 years, but at a greater risk of exceeding the temperature limit.



# Attribution of Extreme Events

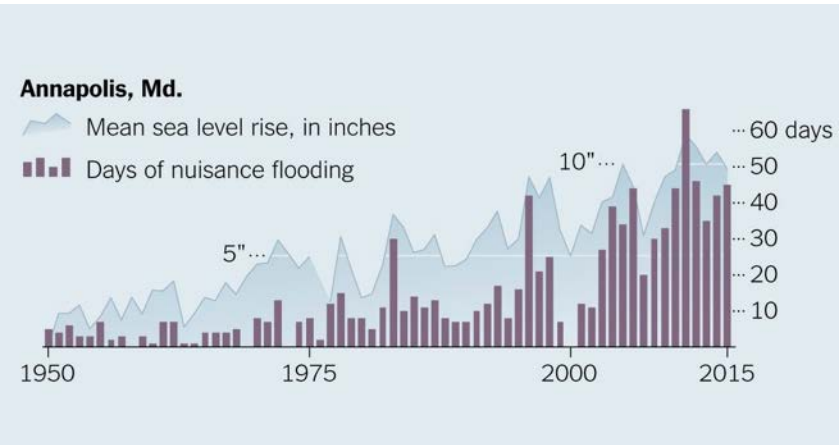


3 times more likely & at least 19% more rain than without climate change

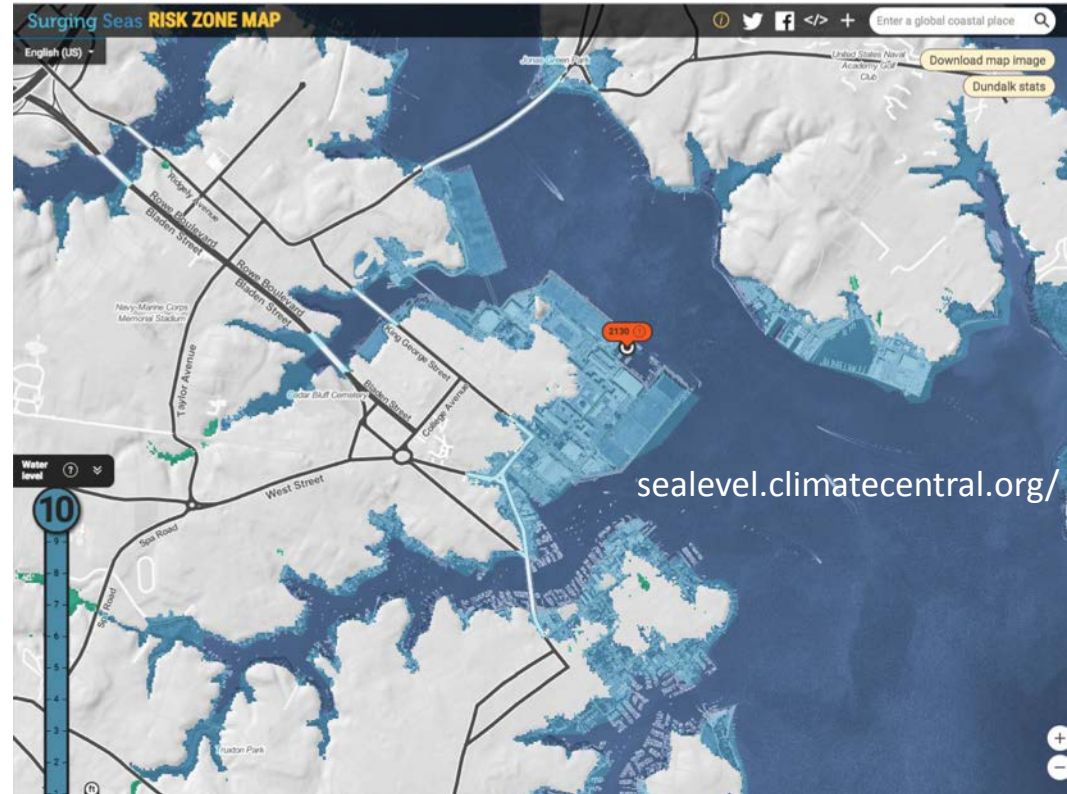


Weak & wavy jet stream caused +10°F heat spell, dry forest and chaparral; 50% caused by climate change

# Adapting to Climate Change: Sea-Level Rise



Increase in days of “nuisance” flooding in Annapolis



Inundation by 10 feet



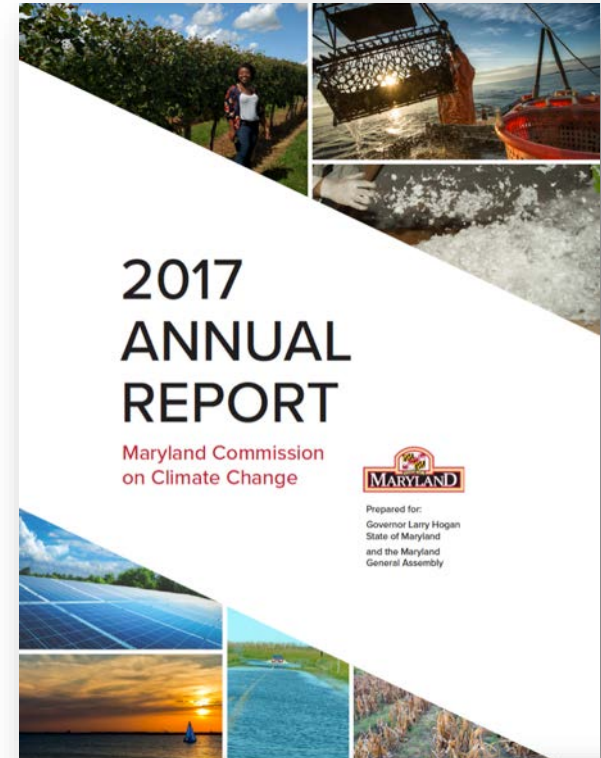
# Chesapeake Politics & Climate Change



“The science is not exact on this, but we also can’t afford to wait for that perfect and mythical moment where all the science is perfect and everything is fully understood. We need to be proactive.” Ben Grumbles, Maryland’s (Republican) Secretary of the Environment

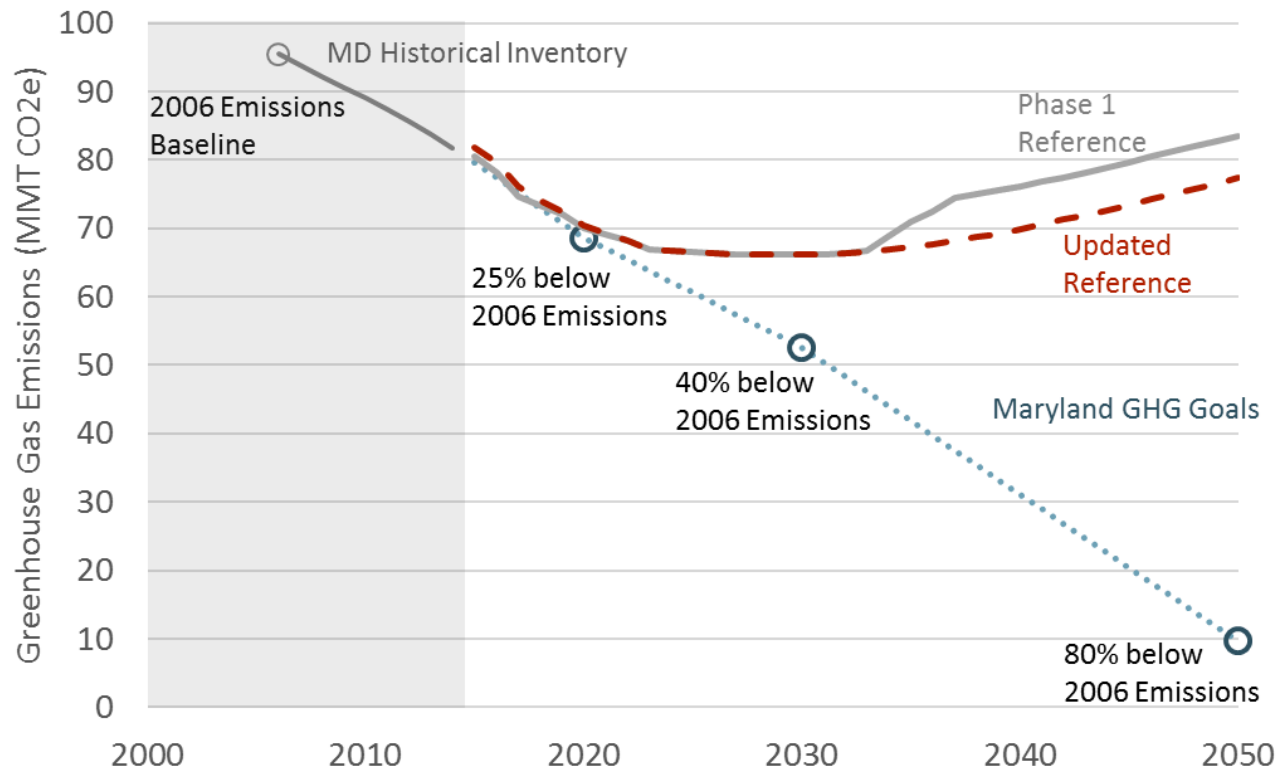
# Maryland Addresses Climate Change

- Clean Cars, Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative, EmPOWER Maryland
- Commission on Climate Change
- Greenhouse Gas Reduction Act
  - 2009 – 25% reduction by 2020
  - 2016 – 40% reduction by 2030
- Renewable Portfolio Standards (25% of electricity generation)
- U.S. Climate Alliance





# Longer-Term Targets Require More



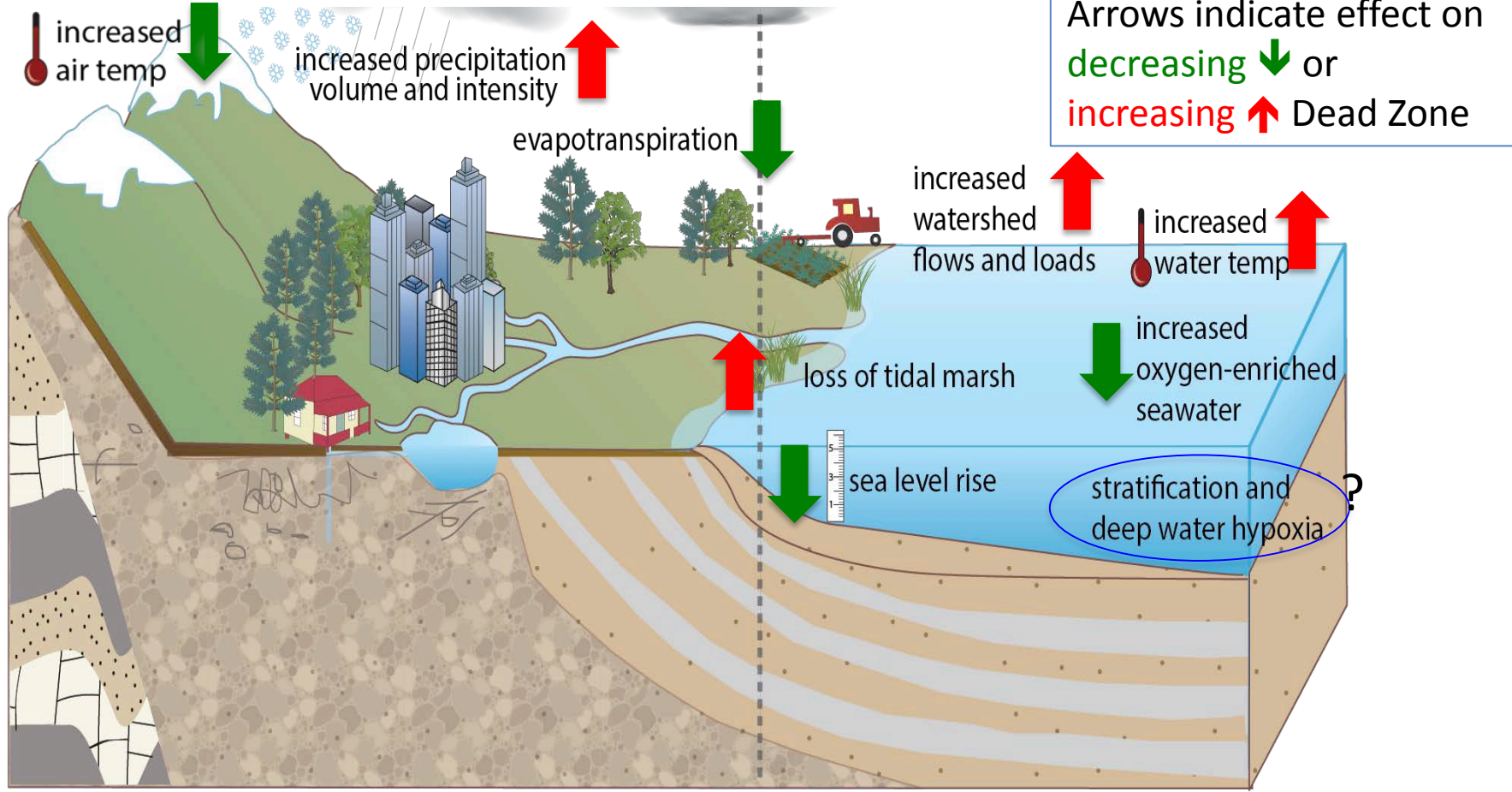
## Maryland Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Gap in 2020: 1.7 MMT  
(2% above goal)

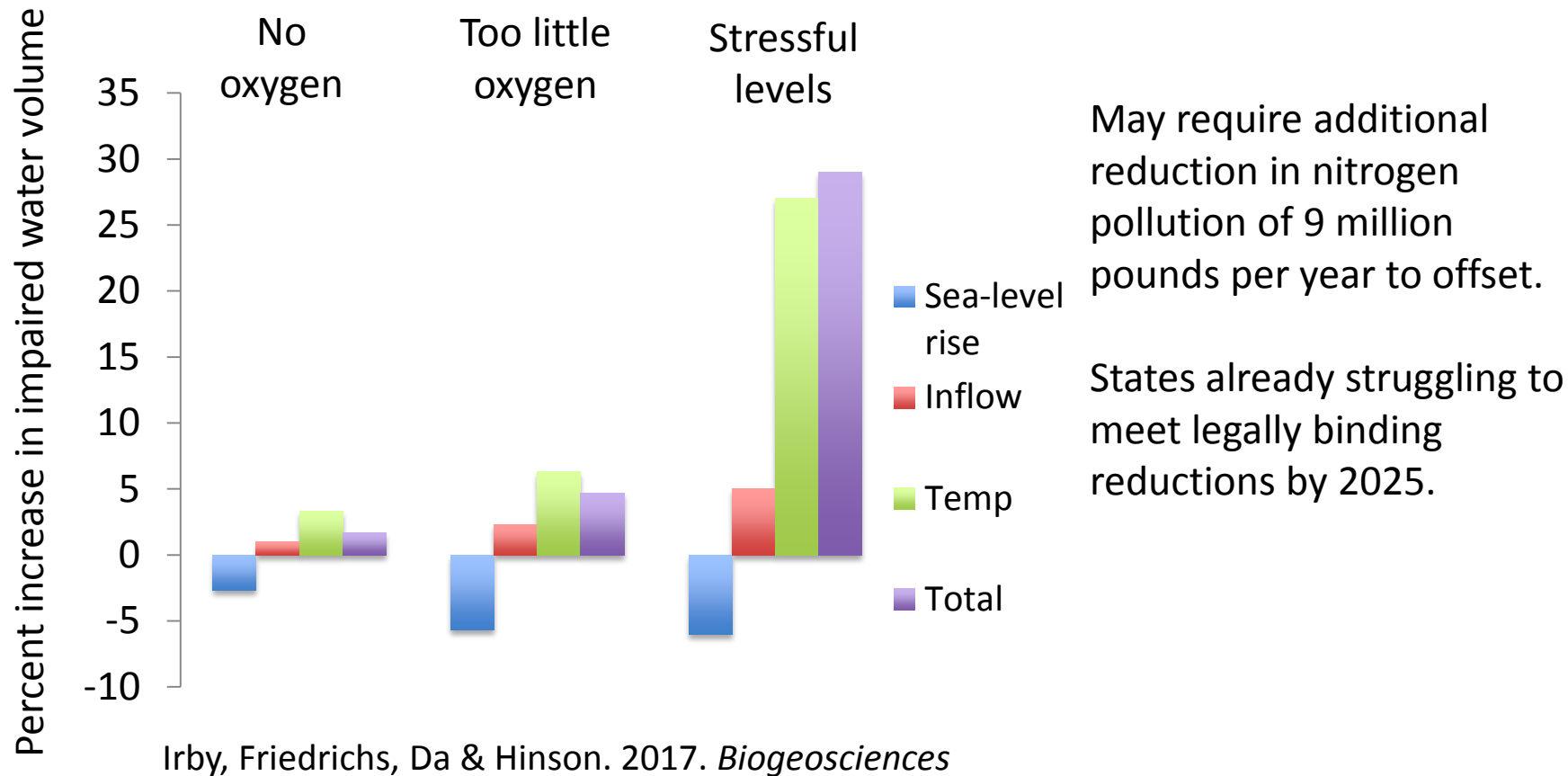
Gap in 2030: 13.6 MMT  
(26% above goal)

*Energy+Environmental  
Economics*

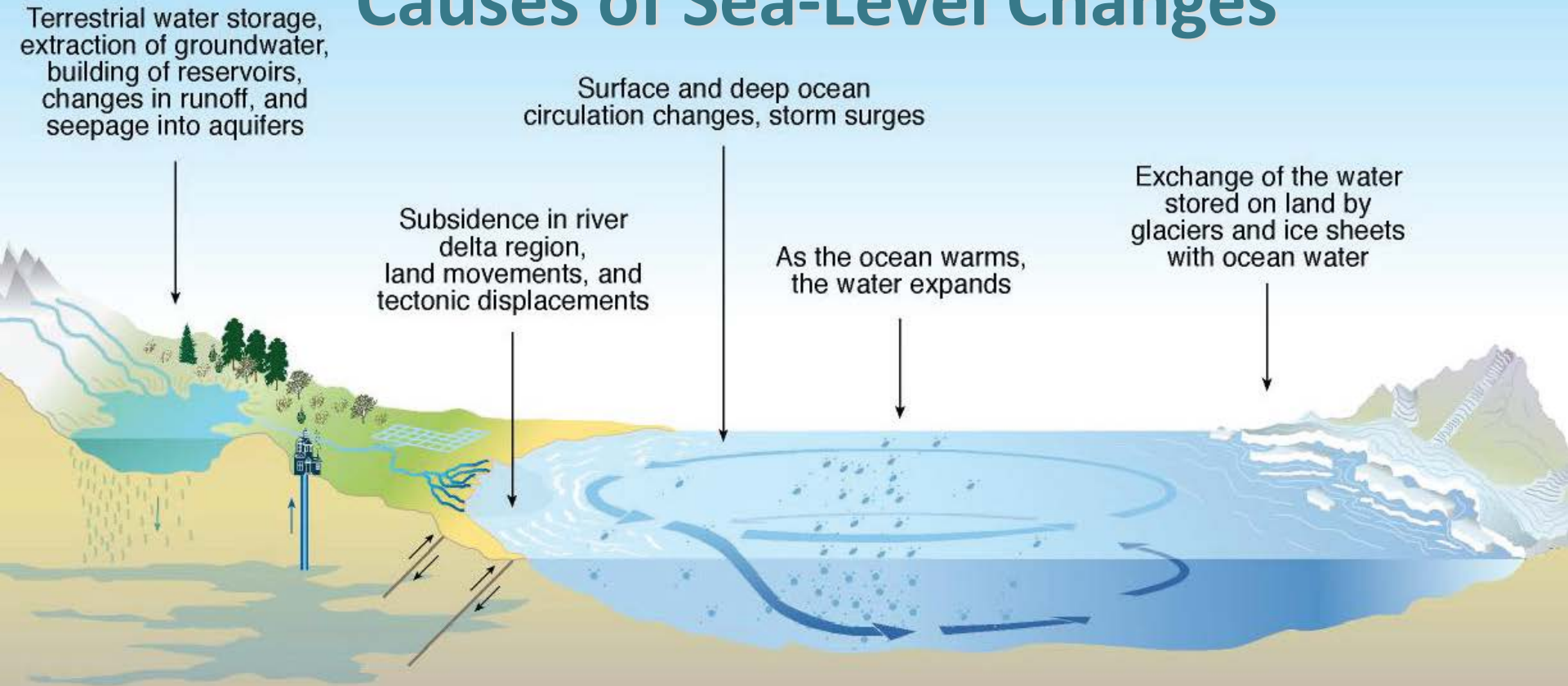
# Effects on Chesapeake Bay “Dead Zone”



# Reversal of Improvement Due to Climate



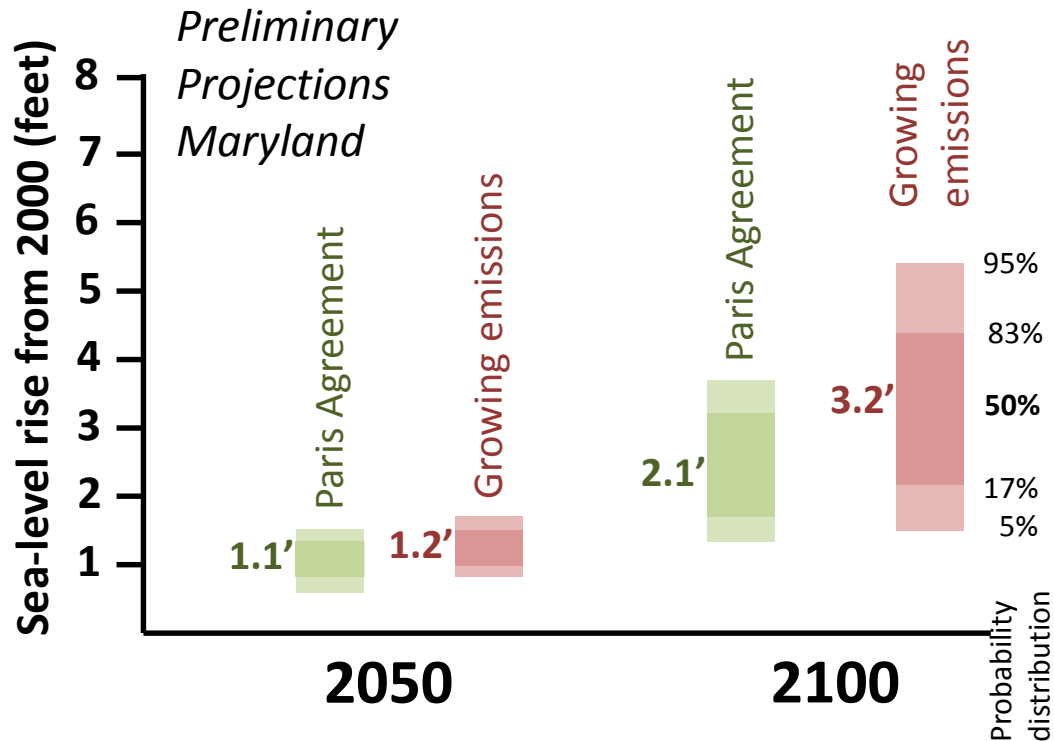
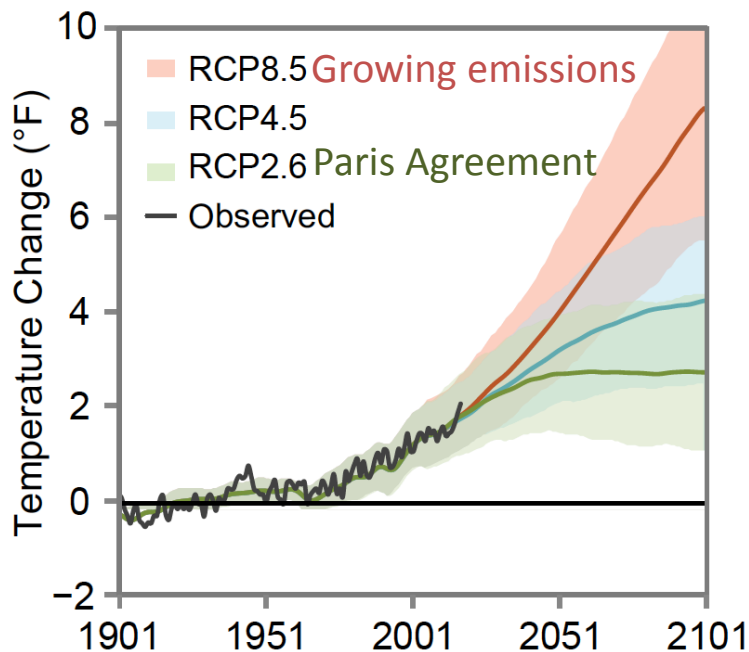
# Causes of Sea-Level Changes



These factors must be taken into account to project sea-level rise changes for specific location.

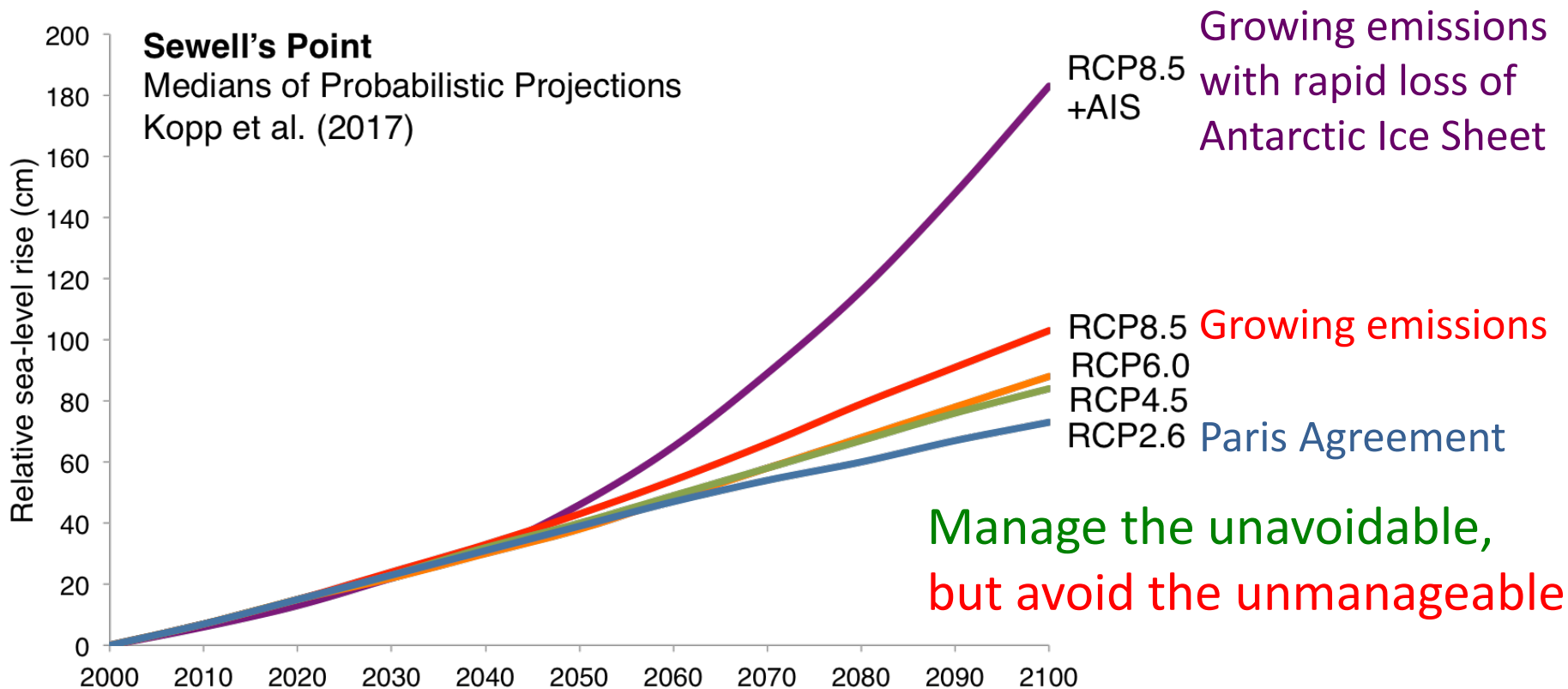
# Updating SLR Projections with Latest Science

Projected Global Temperatures



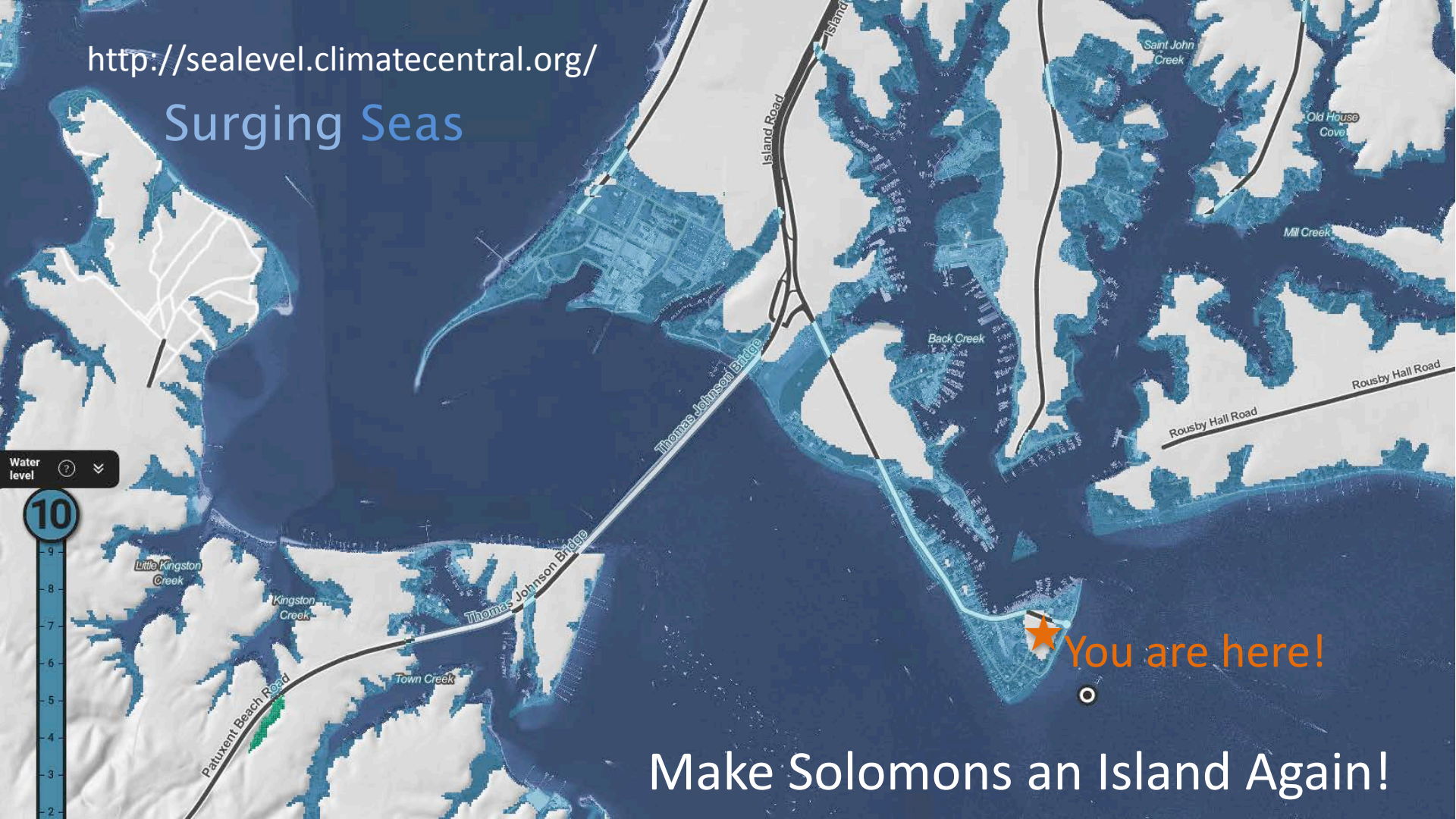


# But Antarctica Is a Wild Card



<http://sealevel.climatecentral.org/>

## Surging Seas



Make Solomons an Island Again!

# And the (Women) Scientists of CBL Are On It





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**@DonBoesch** 

