

FINAL REPORT

CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM BLIND AUDIT

Fiscal Year 2017 Final Report

PREPARED FOR:

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Resource Assessment Administration
Water and Habitat Quality Program
Annapolis, MD 21401**

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Blind Audit Program is to provide samples of specific nutrient analytes at concentrations commonly found in estuarine systems for analysis by laboratories that analyze water samples collected from the Chesapeake Bay, its tributaries, or similar systems. The concentrations of these samples, which are unknown to the recipient analysts, are compared to their prepared concentrations.

In the early years of the Chesapeake Bay Program, U.S. EPA provided blind audit samples on an irregular basis to laboratories analyzing Chesapeake Bay water samples. However, these audit samples were designed for waste water/drinking water applications rather than for estuarine water applications. Consequently, the concentrations were much higher than normally occur in the Bay and did not provide a reasonable estimate of accuracy for low level nutrient concentrations. For example, a blind audit concentration of 1.0 mg NH₄-N/L would be comparable to National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) water samples, but would be at least an order of magnitude greater than concentrations normally occurring in most parts of Chesapeake Bay.

The only continuous program providing an estimate of laboratory performance has been the Chesapeake Bay Coordinated Split Sample Program (CSSP). Data generated from this program provide the only long term QA/QC data base to compare nutrient measurements provided by laboratories analyzing water samples collected from Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries. Samples for CSSP are natural water samples collected from Chesapeake Bay or a tributary. Briefly, a common unfiltered water sample is distributed to the various field/laboratory personnel who, in turn, subsample into dissolved and particulate fractions. These are analyzed and the results compared to those of other participating laboratories. Resulting data analysis can show how field filtration techniques and/or laboratory practices affect data variability. CSSP samples are each subject to cumulative errors of analytical determinations from variation in both field and laboratory procedures. Also, these data sets cannot definitively determine the accuracy of laboratory analyses.

The current Blind Audit Program has been designed to complement the CSSP. Blind Audit particulate samples distributed to participants have few cumulative errors associated with field filtering and subsampling procedures. Prepared concentrates of dissolved substances, whose concentrations are unknown to the analysts, are provided so that laboratory accuracy can be assessed.

This is the nineteenth year of the Blind Audit Program and it is the continued intent of this program to provide unknown, low level dissolved and particulate nutrient samples to laboratories analyzing Chesapeake Bay Program nutrients, as well as to other laboratories interested in participating in the Blind Audit Program.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Blind Audit samples were sent to participating laboratories on 26 October 2016 and 9 May 2017. Participating laboratories and contact personnel are found in Table 1.

Parameters measured were: total dissolved organic nitrogen, total dissolved organic phosphorus, nitrate+nitrite, ammonium, orthophosphate and dissolved organic carbon. High and low concentration samples were provided for each analyte. Particulate carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus, chlorophyll and total suspended solids, were also provided for those laboratories that routinely analyze these parameters. Chlorophyll *a* samples were natural population

samples collected from the mouth of the Patuxent River.

Dissolved Blind Audit concentrates were prepared by careful dilution of high quality standards using 18.3 megohm deionized water. The concentrates were sealed in 20 mL ampoules for shipment to participants. One ampoule contained a concentrate of an organic nitrogen compound and an organic phosphorus compound to be diluted for the analysis of low level total dissolved nitrogen and total dissolved phosphorus. A second ampoule contained a concentrate of an organic nitrogen compound and an organic phosphorus compound to be diluted for the analysis of higher level total dissolved nitrogen and total dissolved phosphorus. A third ampoule contained a concentrate to be diluted for the analysis of low level inorganic nutrients (ammonium, nitrate and phosphate). A fourth ampoule contained a concentrate to be diluted for the analysis of higher level inorganic nutrients. The fifth and sixth ampoules contained a low and high concentration of dissolved organic carbon, respectively. At each participating laboratory, an aliquot from each ampoule was diluted and analyzed according to accompanying instructions for preparation and dilution. These Blind Audit samples were then inserted randomly in a typical estuarine sample set. Final concentrations were reported for each diluted concentrate according to the dilution instructions provided.

Particulate analytes are measured by analyzing suspended material concentrated on filter pads. There are no commercially available suspensions of pure carbon, nitrogen or phosphorus compounds, so a natural sample was subsampled onto filter pads for analysis by participating laboratories. A batch water sample was collected from the CBL pier, and subsampled for particulate samples of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus. Particulate C/N samples were vacuum filtered (≤ 10 in Hg, or 5 psi) from the batch sample with care taken to shake the batch before each filtration to ensure homogeneity. Samples were dried completely (overnight at 47°C) before shipment. Two samples on 25 mm GF/F pads were sent to each laboratory for analysis.

The same general procedure was followed for particulate phosphorus samples in which they were concentrated by vacuum filtration on 47 mm GF/F pads.

Filter pads were sent to each laboratory for the analysis of particulate C, N, and P. The volume of sample filtered was noted in the instructions so that each laboratory could report concentrations in mg/L. Samples for chlorophyll *a* analysis were filtered from natural population samples onto 47 mm GF/F filter pads. Replicate pads were provided to participating laboratories.

Total suspended solids blind audits were prepared as follows: A suspension of a known mass of infusorial earth in deionized water was stirred with a magnetic stirrer. While stirring continued, an aliquot was subsampled by pipette into a screw cap vial for each participating laboratory. Detailed instructions explaining how to prepare this concentrate for total suspended solids analysis were also provided.

Samples were sent in coolers via next day carrier to the participating laboratories. A cold temperature was required for chlorophyll samples, so frozen cold packs were packed in those participants' coolers.

RESULTS

Tables and figures summarizing results from the fall 2016 and spring 2017 audits are found at the end of the report. Shortly after the completion of the study, a brief data report was sent to each participant asking them to check their data. These data reviews served as a final check of data before preparing this final report.

Concentrations were assessed statistically by calculating the mean and standard deviation of each sample set, then calculating how many standard deviations separated each laboratory's reported concentration from that mean (Table 2). The percent recovery of each laboratory's reported concentration relative to the prepared concentration was also calculated for the dissolved analytes (Table 3 and Appendix 1).

DISSOLVED FRACTION

Total Dissolved Nitrogen: Results from both the fall 2016 and spring 2017 audits were similar to past audits, with one or two laboratories reporting concentrations that were not close to other participants.

Total Dissolved Phosphorus: Most reported concentrations for both fall 2016 and spring 2017 samples were consistently close to other laboratories' reported concentrations except for one participant.

Ammonium: Analysis of low level samples for fall 2016 provided a mean concentration of 0.055 mg N/L compared to the prepared concentration of 0.059 mg N/L.

Nitrate + Nitrite: Particularly good agreement was found among most laboratories for low concentrations, resulting in a mean concentration of 0.0571 mg N/L for fall 2016 compared to the prepared concentration of 0.0590 mg N/L.

Orthophosphate: Low level concentrations for fall 2016 and spring 2017 were somewhat variable, but high coefficients of variation were driven by the results of two labs.

Dissolved Organic Carbon: Particularly good agreement was found among most laboratories for low and high concentrations for audits.

PARTICULATE FRACTION

Again, it should be noted that particulate carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus samples were filtered from a common estuarine water sample and, consequently, are not true blind audit samples produced from pure constituents. Particulate results are graphically presented in Figures 1 and 4.

Particulate Carbon: Among laboratory agreement was close for the fall 2016 and spring 2017 audits with coefficients of variation of only 2-9%.

Particulate Nitrogen: Results for particulate nitrogen followed the same pattern as particulate carbon for both audits with coefficients of variation 8-9%.

Particulate Phosphorus: Particulate phosphorus concentrations showed some variability between the participating laboratories with two laboratories reporting substantially different concentrations from the other participants. Coefficients of variation were 18% for the fall 2016 audit and 26% for spring 2017 audits.

Chlorophyll a: Most chlorophyll a results for the fall 2016 and spring 2017 audits displayed the usual close agreement that was remarkable for multi-laboratory comparison of low concentrations of an environmentally transitory compound. The coefficients of variation were 16% for the fall 2016 samples and 22% for the spring 2017 samples.

Total Suspended Solids: The concentrate of infusorial earth suspended in deionized water was suspended further in deionized water by each laboratory, then concentrated on a filter pad and weighed. For the fall 2016 sample, 53.4 mg/L was prepared and for the spring 2017 sample, 35.1 mg/L was prepared, obtaining coefficients of variation only 4-5% for each audit. One laboratory's reported concentration was approximately half of that of the other participants for the spring 2017 audit.

DISCUSSION

Several important issues should be considered when assessing whether individual Blind Audit results are within acceptable limits.

Variation Associated With An Analytical Method: As we have noted in previous Blind Audit Reports, analytical variability is associated with any quantitative determination. The method detection limit (three times the standard deviation of seven low level replicate natural samples) is often used to express that level of variation. Total dissolved nitrogen data provide a good example. The detection limit at CBL has been determined to be 0.05 mg N/L. Any total dissolved nitrogen measurement has a potential 0.05 mg N/L variability associated with it. This variability, when expressed as a percent of the TRUE concentration, can be extremely large for low level concentrations and fairly low for higher concentrations. For example, a 0.20 mg N/L concentration has an analytical variability of 25% associated with it; whereas, a 1.20 mg N/L concentration has an analytical variability of 4%.

Acceptance Limits of Provided Dissolved Samples: Companies that prepare large quantities of performance evaluation samples assign acceptable confidence limits around the TRUE value. In one case (SPEX, CertiPrep), the mean recovery and standard deviation are later reported along with the true concentration and the 95% confidence interval (CI). The 95% CI is the mean recovery +/- two standard deviations and is developed from regression equations from Water Pollution Performance Evaluation Studies. A recently purchased set of these standards gave a true total P value of 3.00 mg P/L with a 95% CI of 2.47-3.42 mg P/L. The lower end of the 95% CI recovery allows 82% recovery of the true concentration. This type of statistical analysis was not performed on the Blind Audit Program samples prepared for this study prior to their distribution to the participants.

Parameters assessed in the Blind Audit do not have predetermined acceptance limits, so we are following the statistical procedure of ERA (Environmental Resource Associates), an approved source of wastewater and drinking water proficiency samples, and the State of Wisconsin Proficiency Testing program. They average the results for each parameter and at each concentration, then calculate the standard deviation from the mean. Results that are within two standard deviations PASS and those greater than three standard deviations FAIL. Results between two and three standard deviations receive the WARN flag.

Most of the data comparisons based on standard deviations showed similar characteristics (Table 2); that is, the reported concentrations were similar, and one or two concentrations fell slightly beyond one standard deviation from the mean of all data for that portion of the study. Apparently, it is a statistical "reality" in small sample sets with little variability between individual values, that at least one value will lie just beyond one standard deviation from the mean. Thus, for most of the data sets compared by means and standard deviations, all the reported concentrations "passed." It should also be noted that approximately the same number were in the "warning" category as in most of the previous studies, and that only three values in the entire study "failed."

Data sets with relatively small standard deviations yielded more potentially extraneous “warning” points. For example, in the fall 2015 blind audit of high level ammonium concentration, the prepared concentration was 0.361 mg N/L and the mean reported concentration was 0.365 mg N/L (!) and reported concentrations ranged from 0.337-0.395 mg N/L. The coefficient of variation was ONLY 4%! Thirteen laboratories reported results for this high level sample that were within two standard deviations (S.D. 0.014 mg N/L) of the mean. Since the standard deviation was so small, two laboratories’ reported results for this sample that were between two and three standard deviations of the mean, so were labeled WARN. Thus, by that measure of accuracy, most of the data “passed” and two were “warned.” This ammonium data comparison points toward a form of circular reasoning in these statistical assessments. The data being evaluated are also the data that were used to calculate the mean and standard deviation to which the data are being compared. All of the reported fall 2015 high level ammonium data were within 9% of the prepared concentration!

Data were also assessed by comparing reported concentrations to those that had been prepared (Table 3). Groupings of data in PASS, WARN, and FAIL categories were arbitrarily set. Reported data that were within 10% of the prepared concentration were considered as PASS. Reported data that were 80-90% or 110 -120% of the prepared concentration were tabulated as WARN. Reported data that were <80% or >120% of the prepared concentration were tabulated as FAIL.

When comparing reported concentrations to those prepared, the lower concentration ranges had more data that fell in WARN and FAIL categories than the higher level concentrations, i.e., there was less accuracy at the lower concentration ranges (Table 3). The acceptance criteria for low concentration samples are quite narrow. For example, for spring 2016 blind audit of 0.014 mg N/L prepared for ammonium has a PASS category (+/-10%) of only 0.013 - 0.015 mg N/L. For the spring 2016 blind audit, eight out of twelve participating laboratories reported results that fell in the WARN or FAIL category, indicating that their reported concentrations were greater than +/-10% of the prepared concentration in this low range. These results could be interpreted as an inability for all participants to accurately measure low level ammonium from concentrates provided to them. It would be important to know if there is also difficulty in measuring natural low level samples. An alternative interpretation would be that it may be appropriate to broaden the acceptance boundaries for very low concentrations of prepared samples. There was also a broad range in percentage recovery of low level ammonium reported values in past audits; however, when comparing with other participants, the coefficient of variation remains remarkably small. For example, spring 2016 reported data based on comparisons with other participants, the low level ammonium mean was 0.0189 mg N/L, S.D. 0.0035, C.V. 19%.

There was less divergence between participants for the fall 2012 through fall 2014 low level ammonium samples than in audits of fall 2011 and spring 2012. For these most recent prepared ammonium samples, the proportion of the standard deviation to the mean was approximately the same as it had been for the last few years. Variation around the mean for low level ammonium reported concentrations resulted in coefficients of variation of 16% for fall 2015 concentration of 0.025 mg NH₄-N/L; 19% for spring 2016 concentration of 0.014. For the spring 2014 audit, the coefficient of variation for 0.022 mg NH₄-N/L was 20% mg NH₄-N/L. The coefficient of variation was 16% for 0.042 mg NH₄-N/L (Fall 2006) and 39% for 0.036 mg NH₄-N/L (Spring 2007). This indicates that inter-laboratory comparisons of any ammonium data prepared by most laboratories from concentrates below 0.042 mg N/L could probably be somewhat improving!

There were sixteen instances (!!!) where concentrations reported for dissolved constituents or total suspended solids fell in the WARN or FAIL category based on the standard deviation of all

participants' reported concentrations and also in the WARN or FAIL category based on percent recovery. These are listed for the individual laboratories in Appendix 1.

Acceptance Limits of Provided Particulate Samples: For each study, particulate carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and chlorophyll *a* samples were filtered from a common estuarine water sample and, consequently, are not true blind audit samples made from pure constituents. There is no "true" or prepared concentration with which to compare. The standard deviation was less than 9% of the mean reported concentrations for particulate carbon and nitrogen for the fall 2016 and spring 2017 audits.

Over the years, the concentration of particulate constituents provided to the participants has varied randomly over approximately a five-fold range. For example, particulate carbon in spring 1998 was approximately 0.45 mg C/L, and in spring 2013 was approximately 2.35 mg C/L. Particulate phosphorus in spring 2014 was 0.0091 mg P/L and in spring 1999 was 0.0529 mg P/L.

Reporting Data Accurately: Most data originally reported by all participants for both these blind audits appeared, on casual inspection, to be reported accurately. Subtle entry or calculation errors may have gone undetected.

The fall 2007 and spring 2008 audits were the first pair of audits in which no participant noted any discrepancies when all were contacted to review their data. No results were miscalculated (and later corrected), or had "slipped a decimal" or exhibited some other obvious entry error that could have been easily avoided. After years of reporting "difficulties," participants had improved their reporting practices! Sadly, this improvement in reporting did not extend to the fall 2008 through fall 2010 audits. At last, for the spring 2011 audit, no participant noted any discrepancies when all were contacted to review their data. We had returned to that great condition where no results were miscalculated (and later corrected), or had "slipped a decimal" or exhibited some other obvious entry error that could have been easily avoided. Unfortunately, for the fall 2011 blind audit, results were AGAIN (!) reported and then later corrected. Happily, for the next five audits (spring 2012 through spring 2014), no participant noted any discrepancies when all were contacted to review their data. Sadly, this improvement in reporting did not extend to the fall 2015 and spring 2016 audits. Results were reported late, or reported and then later corrected.

The number of significant figures reported in analytical results can significantly affect data comparability in a blind audit study. If a laboratory reports only two significant figures (for whatever reasons) and an audit sample has a prepared concentration expressed in three significant figures, then substantial under or over estimates of the comparative concentration can be reported. For example, if a 0.032 mg P/L sample has been prepared and a laboratory only reports two significant figures, i.e., 0.03 mg P/L, then the results expressed are 86% of the prepared value. During the 2000 study, all participants reported three significant digits for most parameters. It is noteworthy that the 2000 study's coefficients of variation were, generally, smaller than in the previous two years, probably a result of comparisons of data containing the appropriate number of significant digits. Unfortunately, some 2001 through spring 2016 participants reported only two significant digits for some analytes, thus potentially giving substantial under or over estimates for the comparisons.

CONCLUSION

Now that thirty-nine rounds of the Blind Audit Program have been completed, some consistent patterns have been observed that warrant action or further investigation:

1. Results for particulate carbon and nitrogen were generally consistent between laboratories. Reported concentrations of particulate analytes have usually been similar between laboratories participating in the Blind Audit Program. One laboratory's reported particulate carbon and nitrogen concentrations were substantially lower than all other laboratories' reported mean concentrations for the fall 2016 audit. They did not participate in the spring 2017 audit.
2. In contrast to particulate carbon and nitrogen, particulate phosphorus concentrations have shown more variability between participating laboratories in some audit years. One laboratory's reported particulate phosphorus concentrations were nearly half of those reporting in the fall 2016 audit. Another laboratory's reported particulate phosphorus concentrations were nearly double the other laboratories' reported concentrations in the spring /spring 2017 audit.
3. For most participating laboratories in each audit, there was remarkable consistency between participating laboratories in the measurement of total suspended solids from suspensions of infusorial earth. One laboratory's reported concentration was about half of that reported by others and of the prepared concentration for only the spring 2017 audit.
4. Most of the chlorophyll *a* results for the fall 2016 and spring 2017 audits displayed the usual close agreement that was remarkable for multi-laboratory comparison of low concentrations of an environmentally transitory compound. Results from no laboratory were consistently different from those of the "consensus" concentrations for both audits.
5. Reported concentrations of dissolved analytes were usually similar between laboratories participating in the Blind Audit Program. No laboratory reported concentrations for individual analytes that were widely different from the range of the other reported concentrations for both blind audits. This indicates that most participating laboratories usually execute and report these measurements with accuracy and precision, reporting the appropriate number of significant digits.
6. When comparing reported concentrations to those prepared, the lower concentration ranges had more data that fell beyond +/- 10% of the prepared sample than the higher level concentration ranges, i.e., there was less accuracy at the lower concentration ranges. This was particularly apparent for total dissolved nitrogen, ammonium and orthophosphate. The categories for PASS, WARN, and FAIL for low concentration samples are quite narrow. Therefore, for very low concentrations of prepared samples, it may be appropriate to broaden the acceptance boundaries.
7. There were sixteen (!) instances in which reported data for dissolved constituents or total suspended solids fell in the WARN or FAIL category based on the standard deviation of all participants' data AND the percent recovery of the prepared analyte.
8. Care should continue to be taken when completing report forms. For the fall 2016 and spring 2017 blind audits, some results were AGAIN (!) reported with insufficient significant digits. For the fall 2016 and spring 2017 blind audits, some results were reported late, or reported and subsequently corrected. It is hoped that corrections of these lapses have served as reminders of the importance to continuously check many aspects of sample preparation and data management to ensure overall data quality.

Table 1. Participants in Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Blind Audit Program.

Participant Institution	Point of Contact	Phone	Email
Old Dominion University, Water Quality Laboratory (ODU)	Suzanne Doughton	757-451-3044	sdoughte@odu.edu
University of Maryland, Horn Point Laboratory (HPL)	Erica Kiss	410-221-8317	ekiss@umces.edu
Virginia Institute of Marine Science, Analytical Service Center (VIMS)	Carol Pollard	804-684-7213	pollard@vims.edu
Virginia Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services (DCLS)	Jay Armstrong	804-648-4480 x328	jay.armstrong@dgs.virginia.gov
Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DHMH)	Shala Ameli	410-767-6190	shahla.ameli@maryland.gov
University of Maryland Chesapeake Biological Laboratory (CBL)	Jerry Frank	410-326-7252	frank@umces.edu
Delaware Department of Natural Resources (DNREC)	Cathy Sim Kathy Knowles	302-739-9276	catherine.sim@state.de.us kathy.knowles@state.de.us
Academy of Natural Science of Philadelphia (ACNAT)	Paul Kiry	215-299-1076	kiry@ansp.org
Pennsylvania DEP, Bureau of Laboratories (PADEP)	Jayne Hogue	717-346-8233	jahogue@pa.gov
Massachusetts Water Resources Authority, Central Laboratory (MWRA)	Jennifer Constantino	617-660-7808	jennifer.constantino@mwra.com
Hampton Roads Sanitation District, Central Environmental Laboratory (HRSD)	Reggie Morgan	757-460-4210	rmorgan@hrsdc.com
Occoquan Watershed Monitoring Lab (OWML)	Dongmei Wang	703-361-5606	dongmw4@vt.edu
University of Connecticut Center for Environmental Science & Engineering (UCONN)	Chris Perkins	860-486-2668	christopher.perkins@uconn.edu
New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH)	Doug Haltmeier	609-530-2801	douglas.haltmeier@doh.nj.gov
Sprague River Water Quality Laboratory (SRWQL)	Jeff Wynat	541-783-2149	jeff.wyant@klamathtribes.com
Microbac Laboratories Inc. (MICRO)	Curtis Read	804-353-1999	curtis.read@microbac.com
University of Maryland Appalachian Laboratory (AL)	Katie Kline	301-689-7122	kkline@al.umces.edu

Table 2. Summary of Mean Concentration and Standard Deviation for Each Group of Analytes in the Fall 2016 and the Spring 2017 Blind Audit, Including Distribution of Reported Concentrations from the Mean.

Parameter	Concentration in mg/L		Number of Laboratories			
			Standard Deviations from Mean			
	Mean	S.D.	<1 PASS	1-2 PASS	2-3 WARN	>3 FAIL
Fall 2016						
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.207	0.0314	11			1
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.642	0.0560	13		1	
Total Dissolved Phosphorus	0.0168	0.0029	11	1	1	
Total Dissolved Phosphorus	0.0539	0.0027	12	2	1	
Ammonium	0.055	0.0046	9	4		
Ammonium	0.273	0.0068	11	4		
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.0571	0.0061	11	2		
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.946	0.0221	12	2	1	
Orthophosphate	0.0106	0.00104	11	1	1	
Orthophosphate	0.0540	0.00247	10	3	1	
Dissolved Organic Carbon	3.07	0.302	9		1	
Dissolved Organic Carbon	5.96	0.350	10		1	
Particulate Carbon	1.39	0.119	9			1
Particulate Nitrogen	0.196	0.0154	9		1	
Particulate Phosphorus	0.0232	0.00408	8	1	1	
Total Suspended Solids	56.0	2.14	14	1		
Spring 2017						
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.332	0.0525	12			1
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.774	0.0641	11	2	2	
Total Dissolved Phosphorus	0.0371	0.0059	13			1
Total Dissolved Phosphorus	0.0679	0.0039	12	2	1	
Ammonium	0.040	0.0191	12			1
Ammonium	0.209	0.0098	9	5	1	
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.0834	0.0079	13			1
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.622	0.0305	13	2	1	
Orthophosphate	0.0179	0.0037	12	1	1	
Orthophosphate	0.0622	0.0029	11	4	1	
Dissolved Organic Carbon	3.01	0.206	12			1
Dissolved Organic Carbon	4.97	0.202	11	1	1	
Particulate Carbon	0.743	0.0174	7	1	1	
Particulate Nitrogen	0.145	0.0124	8		1	
Particulate Phosphorus	0.0242	0.0063	7		1	
Total Suspended Solids	32.1	5.06	15		1	

Table 3. Summary of Prepared and Reported Concentrations for Each Analyte and Percent Recovery of the Prepared Concentrations by Participating Laboratories

Parameter	Prepared Concentration mg/L	Reported Concentration Range mg/L	Number of Laboratories		
			Within 90% - 110% of Prepared Concentration	Within 80 -90%, or 110-120% of Prepared Concentration	<80%, or >120% of Prepared Concentration
			PASS	WARN	FAIL
Fall 2016					
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.212	0.178-0.304*	8	3	1
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.635	0.588-0.806	13		1
Ammonium	0.059	0.047-0.063*	10	3	
Ammonium	0.275	0.268-0.283	15		
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.126	0.110-0.137	12	1	
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.9385	0.916-0.993	15		
Orthophosphate	0.0104	0.0088-0.013*	10	2	1
Orthophosphate	0.0557	0.0500-0.0600	14		
Dissolved Organic Carbon	3.00	2.82-3.95	12		1
Dissolved Organic Carbon	6.00	5.56-6.96	12	1	
Total Suspended Solids	58.9	51.0-58.1	13	2	
Spring 2017					
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.310	0.282-0.495	11		2
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.733	0.699-0.914	12	1	2
Ammonium	0.0380	0.028-0.106*	9	2	2
Ammonium	0.212	0.193-0.223	14	1	
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.0841	0.0584-0.0927	13		1
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.630	0.548-0.67	15	1	
Orthophosphate	0.0186	0.0074-0.025*	10	2	4
Orthophosphate	0.0631	0.0592-0.07	15	1	
Dissolved Organic Carbon	3.00	2.37-3.2	12		1
Dissolved Organic Carbon	5.00	4.52-5.25	13		
Total Suspended Solids	35.1	17.0-35.2	13		2

*The prepared sample concentration was quite low, so the acceptance boundaries are narrow.

Appendix 1 Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

University of Connecticut Center for Environmental Science and Engineering (UCONN)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration		Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered		Spring 2017 Reported Concentration		Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.190		0.212	89.6		0.336		0.31	108.4
TDN (mg N/L)	0.635		0.635	100.0		0.914	W	0.733	124.7
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0170		**	**		0.0330		**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0500		**	**		0.0720		**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.063		0.059	106.8		0.033		0.038	86.8
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.275		0.275	100.0		0.215		0.212	101.4
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1270		0.1261	100.7		0.0870		0.0841	103.4
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.950		0.9385	101.2		0.650		0.6303	103.1
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0130	W	0.0104	125.0		0.0250		0.0186	134.4
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0560		0.0557	100.5		0.0660		0.0631	104.6
PC (mg C/L)	1.4010		NA	NA		0.7595		NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.1945		NA	NA		0.1375		NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0225		NA	NA		0.0400		NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	9.40		NA	NA		3.88		NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	2.82		3.00	*		3.00		3.00	100.0
DOC (mg C/L)	5.59		6.00	*		4.80		5.00	96.0
TSS (mg/L)	57.2		58.9	97.1		34.9		35.1	99.4

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Academy of Natural Science of Philadelphia (ACNAT)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration		Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered		Spring 2017 Reported Concentration		Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.304	F	0.212	143.4		*		0.31	*
TDN (mg N/L)	0.700		0.635	110.2		*		0.733	*
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0099		**	**		*		**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0524		**	**		*		**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.055		0.059	92.7		*		0.038	*
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.275		0.275	100.0		*		0.212	*
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1240		0.1261	98.3		*		0.0841	*
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.933		0.9385	99.4		*		0.6303	*
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0094		0.0104	90.4		*		0.0186	*
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0529		0.0557	95.0		*		0.0631	*
PC (mg C/L)	1.0400		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.1550		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0128		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	9.47		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*		3.00	*		*		3.00	*
DOC (mg C/L)	*		6.00	*		*		5.00	*
TSS (mg/L)	55.6		58.9	94.4		*		35.1	*

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Virginia Institute of Marine Science, Analytical Service Center (VIMS)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.222	0.212	104.5	0.322	0.31	103.9
TDN (mg N/L)	0.685	0.635	107.9	0.789	0.733	107.6
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0171	**	**	0.0305	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0534	**	**	0.0619	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.053	0.059	89.8	0.035	0.038	92.9
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.260	0.275	94.5	0.215	0.212	101.6
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1305	0.1261	103.5	0.0841	0.0841	100.0
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.954	0.9385	101.7	0.548	W	0.6303
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0109	0.0104	104.8	0.0152	0.0186	81.7
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0526	0.0557	94.4	0.0592	0.0631	93.8
PC (mg C/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0270	NA	NA	0.0216	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	11.11	NA	NA	2.84	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*	3.00	*	*	3.00	*
DOC (mg C/L)	*	6.00	*	*	5.00	*
TSS (mg/L)	57.6	58.9	97.8	34.4	35.1	98.0

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Hampton Roads Sanitation District, Central Environmental Laboratory (HRSD)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	*	0.212	*	*	0.31	*
TDN (mg N/L)	0.806	W	0.635	126.9	0.861	0.733
TDP (mg P/L)	*	**	**	*	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0540	**	**	0.0690	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	*	0.059	*	*	0.038	*
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.270	0.275	98.2	0.209	0.212	98.6
NO23 (mg N/L)	*	0.1261	*	*	0.0841	*
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.919	0.9385	97.9	0.649	0.6303	103.0
PO4 (mg P/L)	*	0.0104	*	*	0.0186	*
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0500	0.0557	89.8	0.0630	0.0631	99.8
PC (mg C/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	7.96	NA	NA	2.55	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*	3.00	#VALUE!	2.91	3.00	97.0
DOC (mg C/L)	5.56	6.00	92.7	4.52	W	5.00
TSS (mg/L)	57.2	58.9	97.1	33.7	35.1	96.0

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

University of Maryland, Horn Point Laboratory (HPL)

	Fall 2016 Reported	Fall 2016 Prepared	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.211	0.212	99.5	0.324	0.31	104.5
TDN (mg N/L)	0.638	0.635	100.5	0.755	0.733	103.0
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0182	**	**	0.0360	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0564	**	**	0.0692	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.054	0.059	91.4	0.034	0.038	90.3
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.283	0.275	102.9	0.222	0.212	104.7
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1240	0.1261	98.3	0.0842	0.0841	100.1
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.939	0.9385	100.1	0.636	0.6303	100.9
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0109	0.0104	104.8	0.0173	0.0186	93.0
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0519	0.0557	93.2	0.0598	0.0631	94.8
PC (mg C/L)	1.4350	NA	NA	0.7325	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.2100	NA	NA	0.1375	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0289	NA	NA	0.0272	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	8.43	NA	NA	2.85	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	3.00	3.00	100.0	2.99	3.00	99.7
DOC (mg C/L)	5.98	6.00	99.7	4.86	5.00	97.2
TSS (mg/L)	55.2	58.9	93.7	33.6	35.1	95.7

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Delaware Department of Natural Resources (DNREC)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.199	0.212	93.9	0.327	0.31	105.5
TDN (mg N/L)	0.617	0.635	97.2	0.737	0.733	100.5
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0170	**	**	0.0351	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0548	**	**	0.0660	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.063	0.059	106.4	0.036	0.038	94.5
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.281	0.275	102.2	0.207	0.212	97.6
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1100	0.1261	87.2	0.0850	0.0841	101.1
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.916	0.9385	97.6	0.607	0.6303	96.3
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0120	0.0104	115.4	0.0190	0.0186	102.2
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0550	0.0557	98.7	0.0590	0.0631	93.5
PC (mg C/L)	1.4650	NA	NA	0.7680	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.2050	NA	NA	0.1440	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0229	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	13.55	NA	NA	4.26	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	2.96	3.00	98.7	3.16	3.00	105.3
DOC (mg C/L)	5.93	6.00	98.8	5.19	5.00	103.8
TSS (mg/L)	58.1	58.9	98.6	32.6	35.1	93.0

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services (DCLS)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.194	0.212	91.5	0.314	0.31	101.3
TDN (mg N/L)	0.623	0.635	98.1	0.729	0.733	99.5
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0150	**	**	0.0330	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0550	**	**	0.0620	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.047	0.059	79.7	0.028	0.038	73.7
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.272	0.275	98.9	0.198	0.212	93.4
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1270	0.1261	100.7	0.0810	0.0841	96.3
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.958	0.9385	102.1	0.598	0.6303	94.9
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0088	0.0104	84.6	0.0150	0.0186	80.6
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0540	0.0557	96.9	0.0580	0.0631	91.9
PC (mg C/L)	1.4000	NA	NA	0.7410	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.1840	NA	NA	0.1505	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0242	NA	NA	0.0218	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	10.30	NA	NA	2.78	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	3.05	3.00	101.7	3.07	3.00	102.3
DOC (mg C/L)	5.98	6.00	99.7	5.03	5.00	100.6
TSS (mg/L)	51.0	58.9	86.6	34.0	35.1	96.9

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

University of Maryland, Chesapeake Biological Laboratory (CBL)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.202	0.212	95.3	0.306	0.31	98.7
TDN (mg N/L)	0.635	0.635	100.0	0.742	0.733	101.2
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0157	**	**	0.0337	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0518	**	**	0.0639	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.057	0.059	96.6	0.035	0.038	92.1
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.281	0.275	102.2	0.223	0.212	105.2
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1370	0.1261	108.6	0.0858	0.0841	102.0
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.939	0.9385	100.1	0.629	0.6303	99.8
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0099	0.0104	95.2	0.0177	0.0186	95.2
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0533	0.0557	95.7	0.0615	0.0631	97.5
PC (mg C/L)	1.4000	NA	NA	0.7405	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.1990	NA	NA	0.1435	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0252	NA	NA	0.0216	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	9.08	NA	NA	2.57	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	2.91	3.00	97.0	3.16	3.00	105.3
DOC (mg C/L)	5.84	6.00	97.3	5.08	5.00	101.6
TSS (mg/L)	53.2	58.9	90.3	34.7	35.1	98.9

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Occoquan Watershed Monitoring Laboratory (OCC)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.199	0.212	93.9	0.380	0.31	122.6
TDN (mg N/L)	0.650	0.635	102.4	0.770	0.733	105.0
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0150	**	**	0.0400	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0600	**	**	0.0700	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.060	0.059	101.7	0.040	0.038	105.3
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.280	0.275	101.8	0.220	0.212	103.8
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1300	0.1261	103.1	0.0900	0.0841	107.0
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.980	0.9385	104.4	0.670	0.6303	106.3
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0100	0.0104	96.2	0.0200	0.0186	107.5
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0600 W	0.0557	107.7	0.0700 W	0.0631	110.9
PC (mg C/L)	1.4650	NA	NA	0.7050	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.2100	NA	NA	0.1770	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	9.75	NA	NA	2.05	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	3.10	3.00	103.3	3.20	3.00	106.7
DOC (mg C/L)	5.90	6.00	98.3	5.20	5.00	104.0
TSS (mg/L)	57.0	58.9	96.8	34.5	35.1	98.3

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DHMH)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.178	0.212	84.0	0.297	0.31	95.8
TDN (mg N/L)	0.585	0.635	92.1	0.737	0.733	100.5
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0178	**	**	0.0374	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0537	**	**	0.0649	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.055	0.059	93.2	0.033	0.038	85.5
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.268	0.275	97.5	0.204	0.212	96.2
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1290	0.1261	102.3	0.0907	0.0841	107.8
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.973	0.9385	103.7	0.654	0.6303	103.8
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0107	0.0104	102.9	0.0180	0.0186	96.8
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0542	0.0557	97.3	0.0604	0.0631	95.7
PC (mg C/L)	1.4315	NA	NA	0.7535	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.2025	NA	NA	0.1490	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0217	NA	NA	0.0188	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	7.55	NA	NA	2.77	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	3.03	3.00	101.0	3.04	3.00	101.3
DOC (mg C/L)	6.09	6.00	101.5	5.03	5.00	100.6
TSS (mg/L)	56.6	58.9	96.1	21.1	35.1	60.1

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Massachusetts Water Resource Authority, Central Laboratory (MWRA)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.210	0.212	99.1	0.323	0.31	104.2
TDN (mg N/L)	0.639	0.635	100.6	0.728	0.733	99.3
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0175	**	**	0.0390	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0568	**	**	0.0700	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.049	0.059	83.7	0.106	F 0.038	278.9
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.272	0.275	98.9	0.208	0.212	98.1
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1310	0.1261	103.9	0.0839	0.0841	99.8
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.993 W	0.9385	105.8	0.628	0.6303	99.6
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0105	0.0104	101.0	0.0188	0.0186	101.1
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0568	0.0557	102.0	0.0627	0.0631	99.4
PC (mg C/L)	1.4300	NA	NA	0.7535	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.1995	NA	NA	0.1370	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0248	NA	NA	0.0209	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	11.20	NA	NA	3.11	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*	3.00	*	*	3.00	*
DOC (mg C/L)	*	6.00	*	*	5.00	*
TSS (mg/L)	57.7	58.9	98.0	32.1	35.1	91.5

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Old Dominion University, Water Quality Laboratory (ODU)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.188	0.212	88.7	0.325	0.31	104.8
TDN (mg N/L)	0.590	0.635	92.9	0.771	0.733	105.2
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0171	**	**	0.0366	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0544	**	**	0.0654	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.050	0.059	85.4	0.035	0.038	92.6
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.269	0.275	97.8	0.210	0.212	99.1
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1270	0.1261	100.7	0.0853	0.0841	101.4
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.929	0.9385	99.0	0.641	0.6303	101.7
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0112	0.0104	107.7	0.0195	0.0186	104.8
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0560	0.0557	100.5	0.0637	0.0631	101.0
PC (mg C/L)	1.4350	NA	NA	0.7360	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	0.1995	NA	NA	0.1330	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	0.0222	NA	NA	0.0210	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	9.74	NA	NA	2.57	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	2.97	3.00	99.0	2.91	3.00	97.0
DOC (mg C/L)	5.93	6.00	98.8	4.83	5.00	96.6
TSS (mg/L)	57.6	58.9	97.8	34.9	35.1	99.3

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Laboratories (PADEP)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration		Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered		Spring 2017 Reported Concentration		Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	*		0.212	*		*		0.31	*
TDN (mg N/L)	0.600		0.635	94.5		0.750		0.733	102.3
TDP (mg P/L)	*		**	**		*		**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0560		**	**		0.0680		**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	*		0.059	*		*		0.038	*
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.260		0.275	94.5		0.193		0.212	91.0
NO23 (mg N/L)	*		0.1261	*		*		0.0841	*
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.940		0.9385	100.2		0.630		0.6303	100.0
PO4 (mg P/L)	*		0.0104	*		*		0.0186	*
PO4 (mg P/L)	*		0.0557	*		0.0630		0.0631	99.8
PC (mg C/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	11.95		NA	NA		4.15		NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	2.92		3.00	97.3		3.01		3.00	100.3
DOC (mg C/L)	5.85		6.00	97.5		4.98		5.00	99.6
TSS (mg/L)	52.0		58.9	88.3		17.0	W	35.1	48.4

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration		Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered		Spring 2017 Reported Concentration		Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	*		0.212	*		*		0.31	*
TDN (mg N/L)	*		0.635	*		*		0.733	*
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0240		**	**		0.0559		**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0491		**	**		0.0693		**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.057		0.059	95.9		0.037		0.038	98.2
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.275		0.275	100.0		0.207		0.212	97.6
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1240		0.1261	98.3		0.0927		0.0841	110.2
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.947		0.9385	100.9		0.634		0.6303	100.6
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0107		0.0104	102.9		0.0202		0.0186	108.6
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0509		0.0557	91.4		0.0621		0.0631	98.4
PC (mg C/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	*		NA	NA		*		NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	3.95	W	3.00	131.7		2.37	F	3.00	79.0
DOC (mg C/L)	6.96	W	6.00	116.0		4.75		5.00	95.0
TSS (mg/L)	56.0		58.9	95.1		35.0		35.1	99.7

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Klamath Tribe's Research Station (KLAM)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	0.188	0.212	88.7	0.282	0.31	91.0
TDN (mg N/L)	0.588	0.635	92.6	0.699	0.733	95.4
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0168	**	**	0.0350	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	0.0513	**	**	0.0700	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.055	0.059	93.2	0.036	0.038	94.7
NH4 (mg N/L)	0.268	0.275	97.5	0.187	W 0.212	88.2
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.1210	0.1261	96.0	0.0780	0.0841	92.7
NO23 (mg N/L)	0.918	0.9385	97.8	0.578	0.6303	91.7
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0100	0.0104	96.2	0.0180	0.0186	96.8
PO4 (mg P/L)	0.0550	0.0557	98.7	0.0600	0.0631	95.1
PC (mg C/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	9.60	NA	NA	3.17	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*	3.00	*	*	3.00	*
DOC (mg C/L)	*	6.00	*	*	5.00	*
TSS (mg/L)	57.6	58.9	97.8	35.2	35.1	100.3

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Microbac (Micro)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	*	0.212	*	0.495	F 0.31	159.7
TDN (mg N/L)	*	0.635	*	0.904	W 0.733	123.3
TDP (mg P/L)	*	**	**	0.0407	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	*	**	**	0.0779	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	*	0.059	*	*	0.038	*
NH4 (mg N/L)	*	0.275	*	*	0.212	*
NO23 (mg N/L)	*	0.1261	*	0.0584	F 0.0841	69.4
NO23 (mg N/L)	*	0.9385	*	0.595	0.6303	94.4
PO4 (mg P/L)	*	0.0104	*	0.0074	W 0.0186	39.8
PO4 (mg P/L)	*	0.0557	*	0.0646	0.0631	102.4
PC (mg C/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	*	NA	NA	4.27	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*	3.00	*	3.15	3.00	105.0
DOC (mg C/L)	*	6.00	*	5.25	5.00	105.0
TSS (mg/L)	*	58.9	*	32.9	35.1	93.7

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations

Appendix 1 Cont. Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Reported Concentrations, Prepared Concentrations and Recoveries

Appalachian Laboratory (AL)

	Fall 2016 Reported Concentration	Fall 2016 Prepared Concentration	Fall 2016 Percent Recovered	Spring 2017 Reported Concentration	Spring 2017 Prepared Concentration	Spring 2017 Percent Recovered
TDN (mg N/L)	*	0.212	*	0.289	0.31	93.1
TDN (mg N/L)	*	0.635	*	0.7211	0.733	98.4
TDP (mg P/L)	*	**	**	0.0338	**	**
TDP (mg P/L)	*	**	**	0.0662	**	**
NH4 (mg N/L)	*	0.059	*	0.037	0.038	96.3
NH4 (mg N/L)	*	0.275	*	0.210	0.212	98.9
NO23 (mg N/L)	*	0.1261	*	0.0816	0.0841	97.0
NO23 (mg N/L)	*	0.9385	*	0.607	0.6303	96.3
PO4 (mg P/L)	*	0.0104	*	0.0197	0.0186	105.9
PO4 (mg P/L)	*	0.0557	*	0.0617	0.0631	97.8
PC (mg C/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PN (mg N/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
PP (mg P/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
CHL (ug/L)	*	NA	NA	*	NA	NA
DOC (mg C/L)	*	3.00	*	3.17	3.00	105.6
DOC (mg C/L)	*	6.00	*	5.11	5.00	102.1
TSS (mg/L)	*	58.9	*	32.5	35.1	92.6

* No sample sent to participant - sample not requested, parameter or concentration range not routine

** TDP prepared values found to be in error, thus percent recovery not calculated

"W" Warn and "F" Fail based on standard deviation of all participants' reported concentrations



Figure 1. Particulate carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus; chlorophyll a, and total dissolved nitrogen. Fall 2016



Figure 2. Total dissolved phosphorus; dissolved organic carbon, and ammonium. Fall 2016



Figure 3. Nitrite plus nitrate, orthophosphate, and total suspended solids. Fall 2016

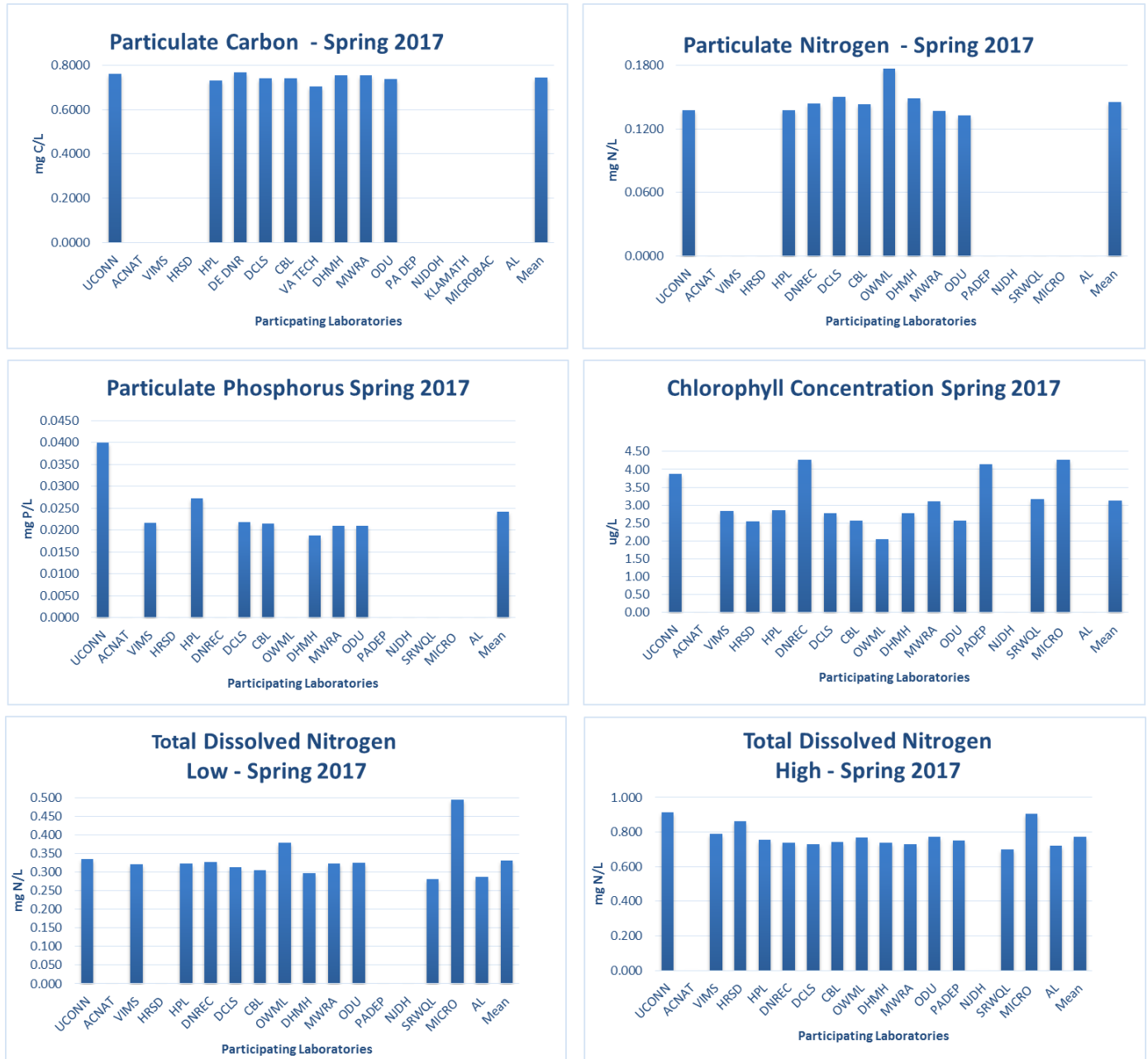


Figure 4. Particulate carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus; chlorophyll a, and total dissolved nitrogen. Spring 2017.



Figure 5. Total dissolved phosphorus; dissolved organic carbon, and ammonium. Spring 2017.



Figure 6. Nitrite plus nitrate, orthophosphate, and total suspended solids. Spring 2017.